

# Carr Head Primary School - Knowledge Organiser

History Topic

Local History

Year 3

Autumn 1 & 2

## Key Knowledge

|  |  |  |
|--|--|--|
| Locational and place knowledge/human and physical geography. | <b>Where do I live?</b>  | <i>The country I live in is called England.<br/>My school is in Poulton-le-Fylde, which is a town in England near the seaside resort of Blackpool.</i>   |
|  | <b>Where is our county?</b>  | <b>Lancashire</b> is a county of England, in the northwest of the country. The county did not exist in 1086, for the Domesday Book, and was apparently first created in 1182, making it one of the youngest of the traditional counties. |
|  | <b>What did our county look like in the past at different times?</b> | Look at historical maps from different dates.  |
|  | <b>What can I find out about Lancashire?</b>                         | Look at a selection of maps (including historical and digital) and find significant places, buildings and features from my local area. Find which ones are natural/physical and man-made/human.  |
|  | <b>How can I put maps into date order?</b>                           | Understand what is meant by <b>chronological</b> order.  |



## Know how to...

|                |   |
|----------------|---|
| History Skills | Place the time studied on a time line and use dates related to the passing of time.                                     |
|                | Find out about everyday lives of people in time studied compare with our life today.                                    |
|                | Begin to use the library, e-learning for research.  |
|                | Communicate knowledge and understanding in a variety of ways – discussions, pictures, writing, annotations, drama, ICT. |

| Key Vocabulary    |  |
|-------------------|--|
| Word (s)          | meaning  |
| capital city      | a city that is the centre of government of a country or smaller political area: London is the capital city of England.                             |
| chronological     | The order in which things happen.  |
| city              | A large town. Preston is a city.   |
| coastal           | An area of land close to the sea.  |
| compass point     | Any of the main points of a compass: north, south, east and west.  |
| country           | A nation with its own government, occupying a particular territory   |
| county            | A region of Britain or Ireland which has its own local government.   |
| England           | A country in the United Kingdom. Poulton-le-Fylde is a town in England.  |
| human features    | features of land that have been impacted by human activity.  |
| landscape         | Everything you can see when you look across an area of land, including hills, rivers, buildings, trees and plants.                                 |
| physical features | natural features of land.  |
| river             | a large, natural stream of fresh water that flows into the sea or lake.  |
| sea               | a large area of salty water that is part of an ocean.  |
| town              | A large group of houses, shops and buildings where people live   |
| United Kingdom    | The UK is officially known as the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland. It includes England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland. |
| village           | A small group of houses, perhaps with a few shops, that are often in the countryside. Singleton is a village.                                      |

The emblem of the historic county of Lancashire is the Red Rose of the English royal House of Lancaster, and in 2008 the Flag of Lancashire became recognised by the Flag Institute. On 27 November, Lancashire Day celebrates the culture of the historic county ranging from its history to its own dialect.


**Lancashire**  
Ceremonial county



The Red Rose of Lancaster is the county flower of Lancashire, and a common symbol for the county.



Flag



Coat of arms



**John Speed's map of the County Palatine of Lancaster, 1610**